Intensive Part-Writing and Analysis Assignment #17 – due Friday, Nov. 9th, 10:00 am

Name:

1. Review chapter 12 and pages 172-175 and 197-207 in GRTT.

Schumann: "Wild Rider" from *Album for the Young*, Op. 68. Play through it or listen to it before answering the questions.

- 1. The outer sections in this ternary piece are in what key? _____.
- 2. The inner section is in what key? _____.
- 3. What type of modulation does Schumann use? ______.
- 4. Each of the three individual sections are in what phrase form?
- 5. What *type* of six-four chord (not RN, but *type*) is featured in the outer sections?
- 6. Aside from key, how does Schumann create contrast in the B section? Be specific.







Mozart: *Piano Sonata in E-flat Major*, K. 282, mvt. II. Play through it or listen to it before answering the questions.

- 1. This "Menuetto" is in what form, specifically?
- 2. Measures 1 12 (beat 2) begin in B-flat Major and conclude in what key? _____.
- 3. Describe how the modulation is created:
- 4. Compare and contrast ms. 1 12 with ms. 18 (beat 3) through the end. Be specific, use full sentences, etc.









Schubert: "Agnus Dei" from *Mass in A-flat Major*, D. 678 (Music Sources, 12.B.9, pg. 136). Play through it or listen to it before answering the questions (we'll see how well you were listening at the end of class last Friday).

- 1. Measures 5-15 contain two different keys, which are _____ and _____.
- 2. The relationship between these keys is (circle the *best* one):

closely related relative enharmonic enharmonic chromatic-third related parallel

3. As completely and musically as you can, describe (in prose--use full sentences) where and how the music modulates from the first to the second key.

A few "extra" items:

List the closely-related keys to E Major and F minor.

EM: _____ ____ ____

fm: _____ ____ ____

List all the keys that are in a chromatic third relationship with D Major and with A minor.

D Major: _____ ____ ____ ____

a minor: _____ ____ ____ ____

Indicate both keys and write the RNs for the chords with which you would harmonize this modulating unfigured bassline. Include three secondary chords (secondary dominants and/or °7 chords), a Picardy third, a cadential six-four chord, and a iiø7 chord in the first inversion.

